

The Evening Times

NUMBER 1563.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1900.

PRICE ONE CENT.

ALLIES START TODAY

The Pekin Relief Expedition to Leave Tientsin.

ALL POWERS LIKELY TO ASSIST

A Belief That the Common Danger Will Unite Them.

FEARS OF A CHINESE COUP

Expected in London That the Imperial Government Will Demand a Cessation of the Military Movement as the Price of the Diplomatics' Lives—Japanese Minister to Great Britain Confident That the Nations Will Co-operate in the Advance Upon the Capital—Admiral Seymour Selected by the Consuls to Assume Charge of the Shanghai Defences—Suspicious Silence of the French Foreign Office—A Junk With Arms and Ammunition Seized at Canton.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A despatch from Shanghai to the Central News, dated Wednesday, says the expedition for the relief of Pekin will leave Tientsin today. It is believed in London that the expedition is by this time under way and that the international forces will proceed rapidly, but with due caution, along the most promising route from Tientsin to the capital.



Admiral Seymour.

While it is not known how the allies settled their differences in regard to the leadership and other questions concerning the advance movement, official circles here are confident that the expedition will be generally participated in and that the need of the diplomats at Pekin, as evidenced by the appeals for assistance from Minister Conger and others, will overcome the minor differences of the various military detachments and arouse a general desire to save their imperiled countrymen.

It is feared in some quarters that the allied movement toward the capital will be halted suddenly by the trump card which the Chinese are holding—the foreigners at the besieged city. All along there have been hints that the "danger of the ministers depended upon the discretion of the powers," a veiled threat to use the envoys as hostages and to threaten their extinction unless the hostile advance movement is stopped.

If the Imperial Government at Pekin should declare that unless the Tientsin expedition were halted the diplomats would be sent out of the city—that is, turned over to the revengeful and brutal Boxer element—the nations would find themselves in a puzzling situation, for they could scarcely afford to ignore the threat and defy the Chinese unless by pressing forward to the capital.

China's Trump Card. It is this menace that hangs over the civilized world today and every capital in Europe expects to be notified within a comparatively few hours that the further progress of the Tientsin troops means the general massacre which has been impending for weeks. The Chinese are too tricky to fail to appreciate the weapon at their hands, one with which they may at any moment confound the plans of the allies and bring their warlike advances to a sudden stop.

With the lives of the foreigners at stake, they can almost dictate terms to the nations whose representatives they hold in their power, and at present there seems to be absolutely no device for checkmating such a move, which is certain to be the next on the chessboard of Asia.

The feeling in London today is one of extreme apprehension. The certainty that the ministers were alive on July 22 and are probably alive today, caused a wave of satisfaction, but it was followed by a realization of the jeopardy of the foreigners and the ability of the Chinese to success.

It Certainly Does Jar You To see Davenport on the high wire.

Niagara Falls, August 2. Via R. and O., \$10.00.

Special train of day coaches and parlor cars, without change, leave B. & O. station 8:30 a. m. Stopovers allowed on return trip. Tickets good for 10 days. Specially low rate excursion from Niagara Falls in connection with this excursion.

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fully use them as a shield to protect the investigators of the Oriental outrages against the strong hands of the powers.

Bron Hayashi, the Japanese Minister to Great Britain, was asked today if he believed the Americans, English, and Japanese would advance alone in case of delay on the part of other allies. He replied that there was no apparent reason why the allies should not all co-operate in such a movement.

He stated that he believed some of the Japanese forces were at Tientsin, and the remainder at Shan-hai-kwang. The force at the latter place would march to Pekin direct.

The minister said that he was perfectly satisfied of the authenticity of the letter dated July 22, which had been received from the Japanese Minister at Pekin, and which stated that the legations were safe on that date and that the Japanese had sufficient food for six days.

Seymour to Command at Shanghai. A despatch from Shanghai to the Central News, of yesterday's date, says the various consuls held a meeting and appointed United States Consul Goodnow and M. De Bauxaire, the French Consul, a committee to call on Vice Admiral Seymour and invite him, as the senior naval officer, to assume charge of the defenses of Shanghai. Admiral Seymour accepted the invitation.

A despatch from Paris says that the extraordinary silence of the French Foreign Office regarding affairs in China is causing much comment. It is known that the Government has been receiving despatches, but no information has been given out. This leads to the belief in journalistic circles that some bad news respecting M. Pichon, the French Minister at Pekin, has been received.

The customs officials at Canton have seized a Chinese junk laden with 2,000 rifles and much ammunition.

THE ARMIES IN MOTION.

Advance on Pekin Reported to Have Begun. BRUSSELS, Aug. 1.—The Belgian Charge d'Affaires at Shanghai cables that the advance of the allies on Pekin has begun. It is said that the members of the Pekin legations are in the inner part of the Imperial City.

TROOPS BOARD A TRANSPORT.

Soldiers on the Meade Believed to Be Bound for China. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—The troops ordered to sail on the transport Meade broke camp and marched to the vessel early today. The detachment includes Company E, Battalion of Engineers, and a battalion of the Fifteenth Infantry and a squadron of the Third Cavalry. The objective port of these troops is thought to be Taku, China, but the present orders are "to the Department of the Philippines." When the ship is three miles out of port sealed orders will be opened and the ultimate destination known.

NEW AMBASSADOR TO ITALY.

Roger Wolcott, of Massachusetts, Accepts the Appointment. It was announced at the State Department today that Hon. Roger Wolcott, formerly Governor of Massachusetts, had accepted the position of Ambassador to Italy, to succeed Mr. Draper, who has resigned. The Department is awaiting the decision of the officials at Rome before making any formal announcement, such being the customary form of diplomatic procedure.

Roger Wolcott was inaugurated Governor of Massachusetts in January, 1897. He is a native of the Old Bay State, having been born at Boston on July 13, 1847. He was graduated from Harvard University with distinction in 1870, the orator of his class. Soon after graduation he was admitted to practice before the Suffolk bar. The first political preference that he gained was in 1877-79 as a member of the common council of Boston. In 1882 he was elected a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, serving one term. He was Lieutenant Governor from 1892 to 1896, and in the latter year was elected Governor.

LOSS OF THE FLORENCE S.

Vessel Went Down With Forty People and Klondike Gold. VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 1.—The report of the loss of the river steamer Florence S. is confirmed. Dawson miners who have arrived here report that the steamer on which they came down passed the wreck of the Florence S., which was upside down and fast breaking up. The Florence S. had a large quantity of gold on board, all of which was lost. Accounts of the wreck received several days ago said that the vessel was crowded with passengers and that at least forty persons perished.

CRUSHED BY A FREIGHT TRAIN.

A Carpenter Killed and His Body Badly Mangled. HAGERSTOWN, Md., Aug. 1.—Joseph Harbaugh, a carpenter, was struck by a freight train on the Western Maryland Railroad yesterday, and killed. Both legs were crushed and one side of his head was badly crushed. The body was caught between the wheels of the engine, dragged over 300 yards and dreadfully mangled. Harbaugh was a carpenter, and had been working in the city of Hagerstown. It is said that he started to walk to his home, near Buena Vista Springs, about a mile from where the accident occurred, and got on the wrong track in the dark. The engineer on the train which killed Harbaugh did not know the man had been struck until notified by the engineer of a train which was coming in the opposite direction, who saw the body wedged in between the wheels.

Justice A. P. Connor summoned a coroner's jury, which gave a verdict that Harbaugh was accidentally killed, and the railroad was exonerated from blame. A widow and seven children survive Harbaugh. A train which was coming in the opposite direction, who saw the body wedged in between the wheels. He replied that he was able to take care of himself.

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ADVANCE WITHOUT DELAY

Government Officials Believe Chaffee Will Lead the Allies.

His Orders Give the American Commander Large Discretion, and He Has Authority to Start for the Relief of the Imperial City at Once, if in His Judgment It Is Safe to Do So—Expected That the Other Commanders at Tientsin Will Join the Movement—Propositions to Keep the Troops Where They Are Ignored by Authorities.

The receipt of urgent pleas for aid from Pekin has caused the Government officials to determine upon an immediate advance on the Imperial City without awaiting reinforcements. It is understood that a cablegram was received from General Chaffee this morning offering to advance at once, and stating that he feels secure in so doing. The message was not given out, but it is stated that an answer was returned informing the American commander that the Government would support him in any move he made.

Secretary Root said today that General Chaffee's instructions were such that he would not have to consult with the War Department before advancing. He knows what to do, the Secretary says, without any further advice from Washington, and the expectation here is that he will go ahead just as soon as he feels that he is justified in doing so. General Chaffee knows, of course, more about the situation at Pekin and at Tientsin than is known here. For that reason he need not await the word from Washington to proceed toward the capital.

It is known that he is exceedingly anxious to move at once, and the Government is depending on his influence to that end to cause the allied commanders to expedite the campaign. The State Department is receiving many telegrams from Chinese official sources, suggesting that the allies be kept at Tientsin. None of these, however, pretends to come directly from the Government at Pekin. Nearly all the suggestions are made on the basis of compromise. "If you don't advance we will continue to protect the ministers," or, "If we do thus and so we expect you not to commit any hostile act."

The Government, however, declines to consider any of these propositions seriously. Minister Wu has been told that the purpose of the United States Government is to rescue its citizens at Pekin, protect foreigners, and restore order in China. It will not consent to any compromise unless it has been placed in full and free communication with Minister Conger, and even then will hardly consent to change its plans unless urged to do so by Mr. Conger.

The Chinese Government knows that if any harm now befalls the legation people it will have a heavy score to settle with the United States. This knowledge will, it is believed, do much to bring about the ultimate rescue not only of Mr. Conger but all the other foreigners in Pekin. The Chinese Government has shown itself capable of protecting the legations, and should harm befall the foreigners it will be a hard matter for her to persuade the powers that it could not have kept them from danger.

Believe Advance Has Begun.

Some despatches received by the State Department today were not made public. They are believed to relate to the military situation as that is the only matter about which the Government officials decline to furnish information.

One high official who has seen all the despatches received by the Government, said that it would be wrong to say what advice had been received about the military situation, but he was willing to express the opinion that the allies had not started from Tientsin as yet. Other officials, however, equally well informed, say they are inclined to believe that the advance has begun, or is about to begin.

Knowledge of the actual conditions in the legations at Pekin has evidently stirred the foreign commanders at Tientsin to action. They are no longer proceeding on the theory that all the foreigners are dead and that there is no necessity for hurrying to the capital. All the telegrams received by this and other Governments from military officers at Tientsin and Taku show that active preparations for the forward movement were in progress several days ago and by this time may have been completed.

Chaffee as the Leader.

"There is no doubt that if General Chaffee makes the move, the other commanders will join him," said a State Department official this morning. "They are waiting for some leader, some man of action who will not delay and then they will start. In connection with this I have found an interesting story in the 'Hongkong Daily Press.' It is from the Tientsin correspondent of that paper, and is dated June 12, reading as follows:

"The ministers wired the Tientsin consuls and officers on Saturday that the situation was every hour increasingly critical; the messages got briefer, more intense, and more alarming as they arrived at short intervals. There was a conference in which Colonel Wogack urged delay till he could call a substantial force from Port Arthur."

You Can Dodge the Warm Weather

By going to Chesapeake Beach today.

No excuse now about Lumber Prices, they are down at Friendly Center. F. Libbey & Co.

Arthur. Consul Charles stood firm for no delay.

"He said, 'Send for the Russian infantry if you like, but instantly make arrangements to land a multi-national force from the fleet at Taku.' Captain McCalla of the United States steamship Newark, however, settled the business. 'Gentlemen, make what plans you like, but my orders are: 'Proceed at once to Pekin,' and to 'Pekin I start tomorrow morning. If I cannot entrain there I walk, but to Pekin I go.' As usual, the men of action settled the matter, and it was there and then arranged to send 300 men up (in addition to 600 and 700 already there) next morning.

"General Chaffee is the man of action in this case, and as Captain McCalla led the marines, he will lead the allied forces to action."

The State Department officials have now no doubt that Mr. Conger is still alive and well, and are exceedingly anxious to reach him. No delay will be countenanced, and the officials hope to have released the inmates of the legations within a week.

Wu Ting-fang, the Chinese Minister, presented to Secretary Hay today a copy of a cable despatch from Li Hung Chang, who is at Shanghai, which Mr. Wu had received at midnight. It was addressed by Earl Li to the Chinese Minister in London, who re-transmitted it to Minister Wu. Li's despatch follows:

"Just received a telegram from Pao-tung-Fu of the sixth moon, 23d day (July 19) that the Privy Council had that day received an imperial edict as follows: 'We have received the memorial of Li Hung Chang and others imploring us to save and protect the ministers of the various nations. Now, the ministers are all safe and well, and Li Hung Chang is directed to wire to Yang-yu and others so that they may inform the respective Secretaries of Foreign Affairs accordingly. Respect this.'

"This telegram has been delayed in its transmission. The other day I and other Viceroy sent a joint memorial, requesting that the different ministers be escorted out of Pekin, or that they first be enabled to freely communicate by letter or wire with their respective Governments. When an imperial answer is received I will again wire. Communicate this to Minister Yang at St. Petersburg; Minister Yu at Paris; and Minister Wu at Washington for them to inform Secretaries of Foreign Affairs."

The first message received from China by the Government officials today came from Admiral Remey at Taku. It deals almost entirely with the care of the wounded and states that Biddle's command of marines has been ordered to Tientsin. The despatch is as follows:

"Bureau of Navigation, Washington: 'Taku, 23d. Solace with sick and wounded patients: Nagasaki, Yaguchi, Gawa, Honolulu, Maru Island, five marine and Navy officers, five Army officers, nine Navy men, nineteen marines, fifty-five Ninth Infantry. All men will remain aboard the Solace unless recommended by Army medical authorities at Nagasaki and Surgeon Anderson, Yokohama. Army hospital ship Relief preparing at Nagasaki for Taku. Japanese hospital ships alternating here [at our disposal] if needed. Lieutenant Leonard's condition more favorable, recovery hopeful. Biddle's command ordered Tientsin. 'REMEY'."

The Navy Department officials are highly pleased with the attitude of the Japanese Government in offering the use of their hospital ships to Admiral Remey, and have instructed the latter to convey to the Japanese admiral the thanks of this Government.

The cruiser Nashville left Nagasaki for Taku today, and will be put to good use by Admiral Remey. The Oregon will soon follow from Kure.

THREATS AGAINST A FLAG.

Baltimoreans Wanted Old Glory Above the Italian Emblem. BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.—An Italian flag displayed at Baltimore in respect to the memory of King Humbert at the home of the Italian Consul, Prospero Schiavone, 1813 North Broadway, yesterday evening attracted the attention of some persons who thought the American flag should float above the Italian. As a consequence the neighbors were treated to a slight scare and a squad of policemen guarded the premises from 8 to 10 o'clock. Those who caused the trouble said in the hearing of the consul's daughter, who was at the door, that if the American flag was not placed above the other they would tear that green rag down. Most of their remarks were made, however, to the occupants of doorsteps separated by several houses from the consul's dwelling.

One fellow asserted that he would "go right through the house" and perform the deed of violence. They passed on, however, saying they would carry out their threat when they returned from the concert at Clifton Park, to which they were going.

The consul's daughter gallantly counseled her father to let the flag remain and he did so, but called at the police station and had a squad of men sent to the house. The policemen they would carry out their threat from the park, but there was no trouble.

THE JESTER JURY OUT.

Verdict in the Murder Case Expected in a Few Hours. NEW LONDON, Mo., Aug. 1.—The argument in the Alexander Jester murder trial closed at noon today, W. O. Forrest, the Chicago criminal lawyer, making the last address. He spoke for the State.

The jury now has the famous case, and a verdict may be rendered within a few hours. It is feared that if the jury does not agree this afternoon it will hang. If an early decision is reached the impression seems to be that it will be a verdict of not guilty.

Knight of Columbus to Atlantic City via Pennsylvania Railroad.

Special accommodations for Knights of Columbus and their friends leaving Washington 7:45 a. m. Friday, August 3. \$3.00 round trip. Tickets good to return until following Tuesday. Children half rate.

Aerial King at Chesapeake Beach.

THE NEW KING IN ROME

Victor Emmanuel III Reaches the Capital and Starts for Monza.

He Receives the Ministers Before Leaving With the Royal Party. Ex-Queen Margherita Desires of Accompanying Humbert's Body to the Eternal City—Monarch to Be Interred in the Pantheon—Numerous Arrests Made in Connection With the Assassination—Braschi Said to Have Confessed That the Plot Was Concealed in Paterash.

ROME, Aug. 1.—King Victor Emmanuel III and Queen Helena arrived here at 6:30 this morning. The King received the ministers for a few minutes, and then the royal party started for Monza.

It is stated that ex-Queen Margherita desires to accompany the body of the King to Rome with the other members of the



Victor Emmanuel III.

family on August 5. The Under Secretary of Public Instructions has been instructed to arrange for the burial of the body in the Pantheon at Rome.

Li Hung Chang has cabled his condolences to Queen Margherita. The Queen is still prostrated with grief and the women of Italy are mourning with her for the loss of the so-called Emperor. Everywhere the death of Humbert is regarded as a personal bereavement.

The secret service throughout the world has been aroused by the assassination at Monza, and it is expected that many of the accomplices of Braschi will be run down in a few weeks.

Solator Quintavalli, who returned to Italy from America with Braschi and afterward accompanied the assassin to the anarchist meeting in Paris, was arrested yesterday at Rio Marina, on the island of Elba, in Tuscany.

Anton Lauer, who accompanied Braschi and a woman from America, was arrested at Livorno, about thirty miles from Turin. It is thought that these arrests show the existence of a plot in which several persons were concerned.

Braschi's brother and sister were also arrested today.

The frequent rumors from America have turned the eyes of all Italy in that direction and the belief is becoming stronger and stronger that the plot to kill the King had its inception there. It was rumored here today that the assassin had admitted



Queen Helena.

to the authorities that he was selected to kill King Humbert by an Anarchist club in Paterash, N. J.

The glee with which the Anarchists of that city celebrated the crime and praised the bloody deed of Braschi encourages the impression here that these dangerous people, who plot against all government, were familiar with the ruse of their colleague and assisted in arranging the details of the Monza assassination.

Every effort will be used, and no expense will be spared, to ferret out and all criminals who in any way participated in the plot against Humbert. The Italian authorities are assured of the heartiest co-operation of the American detective force in this work of justice.

The brasts of the Paterash Anarchists over the crime of Braschi and their terms of fellowship in speaking of the assassin are significant, according to those in authority here, and they discredit the reports that the plot originated in Paris. They do not believe that Braschi planned the assassination, regarding him as merely a criminal fanatic and not the master mind. They are inclined to suspect that the chief offender, the man or woman who prevailed upon the prisoner to come to Italy and slay the King, is still in America, and they have strong hopes that the Anarchists, who are usually demonstrative and glib, will betray the chief offender to the authorities in the United States, or at least give a clue that will lead to important arrests and eventual justice.

Dinner, 75c, Chesapeake Beach.

Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Co. Delightful trips daily at 6:30 p. m. to Old Point Comfort, Newport News, Norfolk, Virginia Beach, and Ocean View. For schedule see page 7.

Lumber has dropped at 6th & N. Y. ave., and white pine laths, \$2.75 per 1,000.

SENATOR JONES RETURNS.

Says That Hill and Croker Will Loyal Support Bryan.

Senator Jones of Arkansas, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, arrived in Washington from New York at an early hour this morning. During the day he received a number of callers at his home, and made visits to the Capitol and Democratic Congressional headquarters. Senator Jones will leave for Chicago tomorrow.

In discussing his trip to New York, he said: "I found things in a satisfactory condition. I know of the efforts made by certain newspapers to prove that a feud exists between Mr. Croker and Mr. Hill. I am confident that the stories which are in circulation that there is such a feud between Croker and Hill as well in any way interfere with their support of the Democratic ticket, are without foundation in fact. Whatever the personal relations of the two men may be, I am confident that personal disagreements, if there be such, will not affect their course in this campaign. I am confident that both men will loyally, cordially, and heartily support the ticket. I expect good results from the harmony of all our people in New York."

TO CONFER WITH MR. JONES.

Representative Richardson Expected to Reach Washington Today.

Representative Richardson, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, will be thought to arrive in Washington from his home at Murfreesboro, Tenn., today. Mr. Richardson left Washington several days ago in response to a message announcing the serious illness of his aged mother, who died soon after her son reached her bedside.

When Secretary Kerr, of the Congressional Committee, learned yesterday that Senator Jones, Chairman of the National Committee, would return from New York to Washington today, he notified Mr. Richardson by telegraph of this fact, that the chairman of the two committees might confer. No reply to Secretary Kerr's despatch had been received up to 2 o'clock this afternoon, but it is believed that Mr. Richardson will arrive later in the afternoon or tonight.

A SUICIDE IN PATERASH.

Unknown Italian Suspected of Being a Humbert Plotter.

PATERASH, N. J., Aug. 1.—An unknown Italian ended his life last night by taking poison and in the Anarchist circles the tips of those who can tell who the man was so-called. It is rumored and is the main subject of gossip among the better class of Italians that the man ended his life because he was fearful of the disclosures that might follow the murder of King Humbert and which would identify him with the Anarchistic cause.

The suicide was a former member of the Straight Street Colony, where at present the red flag flies. It has been learned that a mysterious letter left by the suicide in his clothes, was stolen by an Italian, who was seen by the police. The letter was supposed by the authorities to contain some valuable information concerning the Anarchists of this city. County Physician McBride has found it impossible to get one of the Anarchists here to go to the hospital to identify the dead man. They will have nothing to do with him.

A book found on the man contained the following written on a fly leaf in Italian: "Death to the tyrants."

Dr. Pinnella, an Italian physician, has left the city suddenly because his life has been threatened. Dr. Pinnella boarded with A. Giuseppe Salla. Salla is a foreman at Weidmann's dye house and was known to be against the reds. Dr. Pinnella received a letter last week, shortly after the murder of Pessini and the suicide of the murderer, telling him to join the Anarchists or else leave town. He refused and on Friday night two Italians entered the office and snatching the physician's license from his pocket, they said they would leave him to his fate before daylight. This was last Friday. Before daylight, the physician had a van in front of his office into which he had his furniture placed and since then nothing has been heard of him.

LETTERS FOUND ON BRASCHI.

New Jersey Priest Denies All Knowledge of Them.

PATERASH, N. J., Aug. 1.—Despatches from Milan say that the contents of letters found in the pockets of Braschi, the murderer of King Humbert, prove the existence of a plot to kill the King. These letters were signed "Fabrizio."

The Rev. Dr. Francis Dominico Fabrizio, Pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Victories, on Bridge Street, is the only Fabrizio known in this city. He was seen today, and he said that the name Fabrizio seemed familiar to him, but he thought that there were several of that name in his congregation. He positively denies that he wrote any letters to the man. The Church of Our Lady of Victories is attended by Italian Catholics and by all the foreign Catholics except the German and English speaking, as Dr. Fabrizio is a distinguished linguist, and preaches in several languages. He says that he could not have taken enough interest in this man to have written letters to him, as he does not recollect him.

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GRANITE STATE IN LINE

New Hampshire Democrats Endorse the National Platform.

Kansas City Declaration Reaffirmed in General and Detail—Dr. Frederick Potter Unanimously Nominated for Governor—Henry F. Hollis Named for Representative.

CONCORD, N. H., Aug. 1.—The New Hampshire Democrats opened their State Convention in this city at 11 o'clock today. Seven hundred delegates attended. Henry F. Hollis, of this city, was chosen to preside at the convention. The platform adopted says:

"The Democrats of New Hampshire, in convention assembled, hereby endorse and reaffirm the platform in detail, the National Democratic platform, adopted at Kansas City, on the 5th of July last; and we affirm our adherence to the principles of just, honest and economical popular Government, as applied to the control of State affairs, as enunciated in the Democratic platform adopted by the Convention in 1896."

Following the organization of the convention and the chairman's address, Dr. Frederick Potter, of Portsmouth, was unanimously nominated for Governor.

Dr. Potter came before the convention and spoke briefly, saying that he should accept the nomination more completely by a public letter to be given out in a few days.

Dr. Potter is sixty-one years of age. He is a graduate of the Vermont University and has been for years one of the State's leading physicians. He comes of Revolutionary stock. Dr. Potter was a Navy physician during the civil war and at the close continued in the regular service for several years, visiting many foreign lands. Since leaving the service he has practiced in various parts of the State and has traveled widely.

Before adjourning the convention chose a new State committee with J. E. Pickering, of Portsmouth, as chairman.

The Second Congressional District Convention met immediately upon adjournment of the State convention and nominated Henry F. Hollis, of this city.

PLANNING THE CAMPAIGN.

Republicans to Bring Out National Issues in State Contests.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—A part of the campaign plan laid down by the Republican National Committee managers at the eastern headquarters calls for the bringing out of national issues in the State campaigns where State elections precede the Presidential elections in November. In such States it is proposed that the National Committee assume practical direction of the State campaigns, co-operating with the State committees. Speakers will be sent out by the National Committee for the large meetings and an abundance of campaign literature is to be furnished from national headquarters.

The attention of the committee at the present time is turned to the States of Vermont and Maine, where elections are to take place next month. The Governor and other State officers, Congressmen, and a Legislature which is to elect a United States Senator, are to be chosen in Vermont on September 4.

A similar ticket will be voted on in Maine on September 10.

The first of important conferences between State leaders and the National Committee, held on the occasion of Senator Potter's visit to this city today. The Senator came down, it is said, to urge particularly that Governor Roosevelt be allowed to devote some attention to the campaign, where Republicans say they desire to roll up an extraordinary Republican majority.

The contest in that State will be peculiar. The Democrats are planning, it is said, to make the Army canteen issue paramount there. Many Vermont Democrats declare that is the paramount issue above imperialism, trust, and everything else. They say that the indignation of the country should be aroused over the action of President McKinley in countenancing the institution.

The question of Governor Roosevelt's making a tour of the State will be left largely for him to determine. If he decides to grant Senator Potter's request, he will break up the month's recuperation at Oyster Bay which Chairman Hanna has urged Governor Roosevelt to take.

FUSIONISTS IN SESSION.

Party Leaders Formulating a Program for Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 1.—The Populist Executive Committee, the Democratic State Central Committee, and several prominent Free Silver Republicans are in session here to "formulate a united resistance to the enemy."

The two committees held preliminary meetings, but all business was left to the evening, when there was a joint conference which lasted until midnight. At its conclusion Representative Stark announced that all important business had been decided until tonight.

Democratic Representatives Here. There has been quite an influx of Democratic members of Congress into Washington during the last two or three days. Among those who visited Democratic headquarters today were Representatives McCulloch of Arkansas, Ithen of Kentucky, Cooper of Texas, Rixey of Virginia, and Lentz of Ohio.

Arrivals on the Oceanic.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Among the passengers who arrived today on the White Star Line steamer Oceanic from Liverpool and Queenstown were Senator Henry C. Lodge, the Hon. Charles Russell, and Right Rev. A. Van Deyn, Bishop of Richmond.

Train Derailed on a Curve.

BUFFALO, W. Va., Aug. 1.—Norfolk and Western through freight No. 84 left the track while turning a curve just north of here yesterday afternoon and more than half the train was derailed. Brakeman Harry Hall was caught beneath cars and